## **Amphenol SOCAPEX**

# PS SERIES PSMDU48P30D-X

DC/DC POWER SUPPLY



- Miniature, high density
- Dual output

- DC/DC power supply
- Up to 30W

### **Description**

The PSMDU48P30D-X military power supply is a rugged dual output DC to DC converter which accepts an 18 - 48VDC input voltage range and provides DC outputs from 2.5 to 28V at up to 30W. Custom outputs available upon request and the unit is Designed to meet military standards, MIL-STD-704, MIL-STD-1275, MIL-STD-810, MIL-STD-461.

#### **Special Features**

- Miniature size
- Wide input range
- Input / Output isolation
- Remote sense compensation
- Remote Inhibit (On/Off)
- <u>Fixed</u> switching freq. (250 kHz)
- External sync. capability
- EMI filters included
- Non-latching protections:
  - Overload/short-circuit
  - Over temperature

#### **Electrical Specifications**

#### DC Input

Voltage range: 18 to 48 V<sub>DC</sub>, IAW MIL-STD-704E.

No damage (but may restart) if exposed to over-voltage surges IAW MIL-STD-1275A (100 V / 50 ms) & MIL-STD-704A (80 V / 0.1 s)

#### Line/Load regulation

Less than ±1% (Low to high line voltage, no load to full load, –55 °C to +85 °C baseplate temperature).

#### **Ripple and Noise**

Less than 50 mV<sub>p-p</sub>, typical (max. 1%) without external capacitance. When connected to system capacitance ripple drops significantly.

## DC Output Output #1

Voltage range: 2.5 to 28 V<sub>DC</sub> Current range: 0 to 3 A. Power range: 0 to 15 W

#### Output #2

Voltage range: 2.5 to 28 V<sub>DC</sub> Current range: 0 to 3 A. Power range: 0 to 15 W **Total power range:** 0 to 30 W

#### **Efficiency**

75% Typical (full load, nominal line voltage, room temperature)

#### Step Load Over-and-

undershoot Output resistance at load change of 50%-100% is  $30\text{-}120~\text{m}\Omega$  (depending on output voltage). Output back to steady stated within 300-500~μs

#### Isolation

Input to Output:  $200\ V_{DC}$  Input to Case:  $200\ V_{DC}$  Output to Case:  $100\ V_{DC}$  Outputs are isolated

#### **EMC**

Designed to meet\* MIL-STD-461F CE101, CE102, CS101, CS114, CS115, CS116, RE101, RE102, RS101, RS103

#### **Turn-on Transient**

No voltage overshoot during power on.

## **Markets & Applications**



Military (Airborne, ground-fix, shipboard), Ruggedized



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Telecom, Industrial Power Supply

<sup>\*</sup> Compliance achieved with 5µH LISN, shielded harness and static resistive load.

#### **Protections \***

#### Input

- Under-Voltage Lockout
   Unit shuts down when input voltage is below 16.5 V ± 1 V.
- Over-Voltage Lockout
   Unit shuts down when input voltage is above 52 V ± 2 V.

#### Output

 Passive Overvoltage Protection

Transorbs available on both outputs, rated to 115% ± 10% of nominal output voltage.

Current limiting
 Continuous protection (10-30% above maximum current) for unlimited time (Hiccup).

#### General

Method 509.5

Over temperature protection
 Shutdown if base plate temperature rises above +105 °C ± 5 °C.
 Automatic recovery at base plate temperature falls below +95 °C ± 5 °C.

#### **Environmental Conditions**

Designed to meet environmental conditions IAW MIL-STD-810G:

<u>Temperature</u> <u>Altitude</u> <u>Salt Fog</u>

Method 501.5 Procedures I & II Method 500.5 Method 502.5 Procedures I & II Procedures I & II

Operating: –55 °C to +85 °C Up to 70 000 ft. operational

(baseplate)

Storage: -55 °C to +125 °C

(ambient)

<u>Humidity</u> <u>Vibration (Random)</u> <u>Shock</u>

Method 507.5 Method 514.6 Method 516.6

Up to 95% RH. Random Vibration, Category 30 g, 11 ms terminal peak saw-

24, Fig 514.6E-1. tooth (all directions)

#### Reliability

150,000 hours, calculated per MIL-STD-217F Notice 2 at +85°C base plate, Ground fixed.

<sup>\*</sup> Thresholds and protections can be modified / removed – please consult factory.

## **Pin Assignment**

Connector type: Airborne RM272-020-312-2900 or eq.

Mating connector: Airborne RM242-020-571-5900 or eq. (other options available)

| Pin<br>Number | Function            | Polarity |
|---------------|---------------------|----------|
| 1             | VOUT 1 **           | (+)      |
| 2             | VOUT 1 SENSE<br>RTN | (-)      |
| 3             | VOUT 1 RTN**        | (-)      |
| 4             | SIGNAL RTN          |          |
| 5             | INHIBIT             |          |
| 6             | VIN RTN             | (-)      |
| 7             | VIN                 | (+)      |
| 8             | VOUT 2 SENSE<br>RTN | (-)      |
| 9             | VOUT 2 RTN *        | (-)      |
| 10            | VOUT 2 *            | (+)      |

| Pin<br>Number | Function     | Polarity |
|---------------|--------------|----------|
| 11            | VOUT 1 **    | (+)      |
| 12            | VOUT 1 SENSE | (+)      |
| 13            | VOUT 1 RTN** | (-)      |
| 14            | SYNC         |          |
| 15            | VIN RTN      | (-)      |
| 16            | VIN          | (+)      |
| 17            | CHASSIS      |          |
| 18            | VOUT 2 RTN * | (-)      |
| 19            | VOUT 2 *     | (+)      |
| 20            | VOUT 2 SENSE | (+)      |

#### Notes:

- 1. Slave output is sequenced after master output. Please consult factory for details.
- 2. All pins with identical function/designation should be connected together for proper operation.

<sup>\*</sup> Master output

<sup>\*\*</sup> Slave output

#### **Functions and Signals**

#### **INHIBIT** signal

The **INHIBIT** signal is used to turn the power supply ON and OFF.

TTL "1" or OPEN – will turn on the power supply (For normal operation leave the signal not connected).

TTL "0" – will turn off the power supply.

#### **SYNC** signal

The SYNC signal is used to allow the power supply frequency to sync with the system frequency. The system frequency can be  $250 \text{ kHz} \pm 10 \text{ kHz}$ .

When not connected, the power supply will work at internal frequency, close to 250 kHz ± 10 kHz.

#### **SIGNAL RTN**

The SIGNAL RTN is used as grounding for **SYNC** and **INHIBIT** signals.

This is referenced to the **VIN RTN** pin.

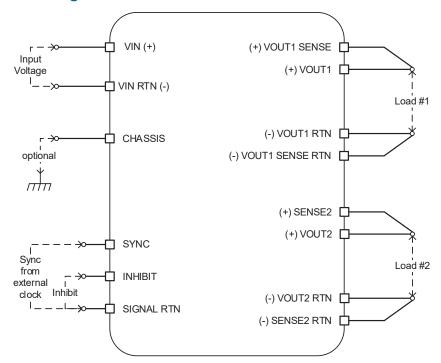
#### **VOUT SENSE**

The **SENSE** is used to achieve accurate load regulation at the load terminals. This is done by connecting these pins directly to their respective load terminals. The use of remote sense has a limit of voltage dropout between converter's output and load terminals of 2-10% of voltage output. When not used connect **SENSE** to **VOUT** and **SENSE** RTN to **VOUT** RTN for each of the outputs.

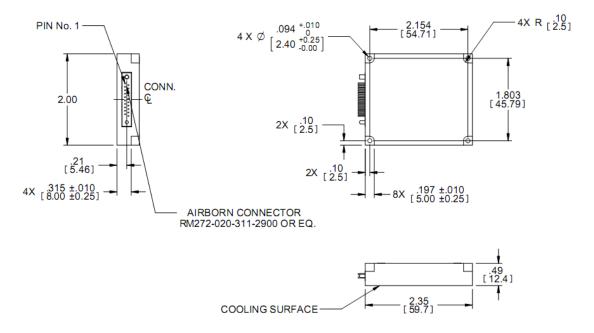
#### **Chassis PIN**

This chassis pin allows connection of the unit chassis to system chassis.

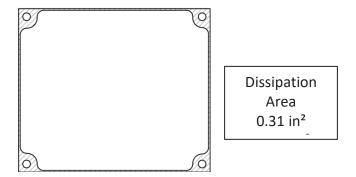
#### **Typical Connection Diagram**



## **Outline Drawing**



### **Heat Dissipation Surface**



#### **Notes**

- Dimensions are in inches [mm]
- 2. Tolerance is: .XX ± 0.01 in .XXX ± 0.005 in

## **Standard Configurations**

| Model         | Output #1   | Output #2   |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| PSMDU48P30D-0 | 3.3V / 4A   | 5V / 3A     |
| PSMDU48P30D-1 | 5V / 3A     | 12V / 1.25A |
| PSMDU48P30D-2 | 12V / 1.25A | 3.3V / 3A   |
| PSMDU48P30D-3 | 28V / 0.5A  | 5V / 3A     |
| PSMDU48P30D-4 | 15V / 1A    | 15V / 1A    |

Additional standard configurations available, please consult factory for details

Note: Specifications are subject to change without prior notice by the manufacturer





